# Colorful vegetable fries

#### Recipe created by: Eve Meir and Qihong Chen, Quantity Foods Sp 23

### INGREDIENTS

- 2 medium carrots
- taste • 2 sweet salad turnips
- Salt and pepper to 1 cup plain yogurt 1 Tbsp honey
  - Optional dried
    - 1 Tbsp extra virgin olive oil

- 2 kohlrabies
- 2 Tbsp oil

- herbs and spices to taste
- Dried herbs and spices to taste

- DIRECTIONS
  - 1. Preheat oven to 425°F.
  - 2. Wash, peel and dry root vegetables, cut into 1/4 inch matchsticks.
  - 3. In a large bowl, add dried herbs and spices and olive oil to vegetables. Toss until evenly coated.
  - 4. Line baking sheet with parchment paper and arrange fries in a single layer.
  - 5. Roast for 25 minutes or until tender and crispy on the edges. Flip fries halfway through cooking time to ensure even browning.
  - 6. While vegetables are in the oven, combine remaining ingredients to make the dip.
  - 7. Serve the fries warm with vogurt dip on the side.



Root vegetables, including potatoes, beets, carrots, and



# Rooting-for-you root & tuber vegetables PRODUCE SEASONALITY IN NJ

# **ROOT & TUBER VEGETABLES**

- Root and tuber crops grow underground at the base of a plant, and store nutrients to feed the plant in colder months.
- These crops include carrots, turnips, parsnips, beetroot, onion, garlic, potatoes, sweet potatoes, and many more!

#### Kohlrabi

- Kohlrabi is not categorically considered a root vegetable.
- It is of the Brassica family, which makes it related to cabbage, broccoli, cauliflower, and kale.
- Like turnips, it is often prepared any way you would prepare potatoes (roasted, boiled, mashed, added to soups or stews).

#### NUTRITION FACTS

Root and tuber vegetables are rich in complex carbohydrates and fiber, and serve as staple foods in diets all around the world.

Let's look closer at the nutritional benefits of the three root vegetables highlighted this week:

- Carrots are rich in antioxidants and vitamin A which supports our cell growth and development, immune system, and vision.
  - **Fun fact:** Carrots actually provide 30% of the vitamin A in our diet in the United States.
- <u>Turnips</u> are another great source of vitamin A, as well as vitamin C, K, and calcium.
- Kohlrabi is high in vitamin C and a great source of vitamin B6 and potassium.



## **FUN FACT**

turnips, are the original "keeping" vegetables -- the parts of the harvest that could be saved so that settlers and farmers could survive the winter months.

• <u>Carrot & Kohlrabi:</u> Beginning

of June - End of November Turnip: Mid April - Mid June &

of November

Beginning of September - End